

DENTAL TRIBUNE

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Inside this week

Going to the Greater New York Dental Meeting?

If you are, you won't want to miss our "Getting started ..." Symposia, which are free for all attendees. If you've thought about getting started in endo, implants, cosmetic dentistry or digital dentistry then please join us!

Page 7

Cosmetic Tribune: gingival health



As dentists, we can directly affect the esthetics of the teeth and gingiva. However, we can also indirectly affect the lips and face by how we design teeth to sit in the oral cavity.

Page 9

Hygiene Tribune: smoking cessation, part 2

About 30 percent of patients in any given practice are current smokers. Although 70 percent of smokers say they are "interested" in quitting, only 10 percent to 20 percent plan to quit in the next month.

Page 13

Are you a 'cutting edge dentist'?

By Robin Goodman
Group Editor

Dr. Martha Cortes, current president of the American Academy of Cosmetic Dentistry New York Chapter and former co-chair of dentistry with the American Society for Laser Medicine and Surgery, took some time to talk about lasers with Dental Tribune.

What is the state of lasers in dentistry today?

Dental lasers are state-of-the-art technologies. Every dentist should own one and use it as an integral part of his or her practice, especially as they are much more affordable than they were 15 years ago when I got my first laser; I had the the Duopulse by Excel Quantronix, which has two separate lasers in one unit: a holmium and neodymium laser. I still have this unit in my office and use

it as a backup laser to my newer ones. Lasers can be used by themselves or as an adjunct tool as they are versatile and precise. A simple diode laser can be used to disinfect tooth structure, in crown lengthening, frenectomy, biopsy, periodontal disease and gingival sculpting, etc.

There are lasers like the Perio-lase MVP-7, which are specifically built around a patented soft-tissue technique for periodontitis — laser assisted new attachment procedure [LANAP]. There are hard-tissue (modifies lasers) as well as soft-tissue (modifies lasers) and there are lasers available today that combine both a soft and hard tissue laser in one unit. It all depends on the practice one has, or the one that you want to develop. Bottom line is that you cannot consider yourself a dentist on the cutting edge if you do not have and use a laser as part of your daily regimen regardless of what

type of dentistry you practice.

How about lasers and soft tissue such as gum and pulp?

I have developed a direct pulp capping technique involving a laser and the immediate placement of a porcelain restoration [CEREC]¹, which has a great success rate as the laser can reach places that antiseptics and antimicrobials cannot reach because of their shallow penetration into bacterial colonies [biofilms]. Lasers can be used on the delicate tissue of the pulp without causing necrosis by using the correct settings and the right lasers.

Nd:YAG's and diodes are great for sculpting the gingival tissue in crown lengthening, smile makeovers and gingivectomy. Both can be used in treating gum disease, although the diode is not as ideal as the Nd:YAG laser, as it is hotter, can cut deeper and has a potential greater zone of thermal damage in the wrong hands; it should not be used on pockets deeper than 4 mm. The Nd:YAG can

See ARE YOU, Page 2

The critical missing element to complete care: where dentistry and orofacial myofunctional therapy meet (Part 1 of 2)

By Joy L. Moeller, RDH, BS, COM

I. Problems that can be addressed

- Does your patient complain about chronic headaches?
- Does your patient have an open-mouth rest posture?
- Have your patient's teeth moved after orthodontic treatment?
- Does your patient exhibit an open bite?

- Does your patient complain of temporal mandibular joint dysfunction (TMD) or neck pain?
- Is the patient's tongue always "in the way" when you are drilling, scaling or examining the teeth?
- Does your patient exhibit a scalloped tongue from pressing against the teeth?
- Have you noticed oral habits such as thumb or finger sucking, nail biting, lip licking or hair twirling or chewing?
- Does your patient lisp when saying the "s" sounds?
- Do you see the tongue come forward against the teeth when swallowing?
- Is your patient a mouth breather

contributing to anterior gingivitis or open-mouth rest posture?

- Does your patient grind or clench his/her teeth?
- Does your patient have chronic stomachaches, burping, drooling, hiccups or acid reflex?
- Does your patient have a forward head posture?
- Does your patient have a short lingual frenum or a tight labial frenum?
- When you check for oral cancer on the sides of the tongue, have you found lesions from tongue thrusting causing chronic irritation?

These are all signs and symptoms of an orofacial muscle asymmetry that can be addressed by an orofacial myofunctional therapist.

History of orofacial myofunctional therapy (OMT)

OMT is an area of specialization
See COMPLETE CARE, Page 2

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Are you

From Page 1

be used to pocket depths above 12 mm. Those interested in the Nd:YAG for gum disease should really look at the Periolase MVP-7 by Millennium Dental Technologies as the laser is sold with instruction/training in the laser and LANAP technique.

And for lasers and hard tissue such as tooth and bone?

Erbium lasers are great for disinfection of teeth and for osseous surgery as they are specifically made for disinfecting and cutting hard tissue. They are also ideal for preparing class I and class V restorations and removal of defective composite materials; however, they cannot be used on metal or porcelains, as these cannot be cut by a laser.

Metals and porcelains must first be removed using the drill; however, once they are removed the laser can be used directly to remove any underlying caries. If the caries are

very deep, the erbium laser can be used in a direct/indirect pulp-capping technique with the immediate placement of a CEREC 3-D porcelain restoration. An erbium laser like the Waterlase MD by Biolase can also be used in the direct treatment of root canals as it has laser endodontic tips that are used post instrumentation for cleaning and disinfecting the canal.

What are your thoughts on a connection between heart disease and periodontal disease?

I love it when patients tell me that they are fit and in good shape except, of course, for the severe gum disease they have. Unfortunately, we have grown up with faulty medical/dental health models that describe the body as distinct and disconnected units, and this shows up in how we view disease and the body. Severe infection in the body is dangerous as it can spread, especially to vulnerable organs.

Periodontitis is a bi-directional manifestation of disease. It can be

seen as a manifestation of systemic disease such as diabetes, cutaneous disease, joint disease and osteoporosis. It can also be seen separately from systemic ones as its own complete disease with the great potential of releasing bacterial emboli into the blood system that can travel to the heart, lungs and other major organs. It has been linked to cardiovascular disease since the late 1990s and rightly so, as oral bacteria are not contained but spread and are particularly dangerous for heart patients who are vulnerable to endocarditis, especially before open-heart surgery.

An Nd:YAG laser can reduce microbial colonies that inhabit periodontal pockets by 97 to 100 percent, as the laser is precise, site specific and does not rely on secondary or tertiary effects to kill microbes. It destroys microbes and their colonies on contact without any side effects.

Editor's Note: Please see Cosmetic Tribune in this edition for a clinical article by Dr. Cortes and her contact information.

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Complete care

From Page 1

arising out of orthodontics. The field of OMT is unique because the therapist helps the patient to make major life-enhancing changes, which affect the entire body.

Many dentists during the 1800s and early 1900s recognized that tongue rest posture, mouth breathing and oral habits influenced occlusion. Edward H. Angle — justly termed by some as the grandfather of orthodontics — wrote “Malocclusion of the Teeth,” appearing in Dental Cosmos in 1907, in which he recognized the influence of the facial muscles on dental occlusion. In his research, he concluded that mouth breathing was the chief etiological factor in malocclusion.

The first program of OMT began in 1918 with an article written by an orthodontist, Dr. Alfred P. Rogers,

titled “Living Orthodontic Appliances.” He was one of the first doctors in the United States who suggested that corrective exercises would develop tonicity and proper muscle function and thereby influence proper occlusion.

In the 1970s and '80s there were two different organizations representing therapists. Daniel Garliner and Dr. Roy Langer founded the Myofunctional Therapy Association, and Dr. Marvin Hanson, Richard Barrett, William Zickefoose, and Galen Peachey founded the International Association of Orofacial Myology (IAOM). Currently the IAOM is the main professional organization in the world promoting and developing orofacial myofunctional therapy.

The team approach

Today the field is expanding to include many professions. Through a team approach, the patient can experience the best of all worlds and achieve remarkable results. The

interdisciplinary approach to patient wellness includes but is not limited to:

- ▶ orthodontics
- ▶ general dentistry
- ▶ speech-language pathology
- ▶ dental hygiene
- ▶ periodontics
- ▶ oral surgery
- ▶ ear, nose and throat specialty
- ▶ cranial osteopathy
- ▶ allergology
- ▶ pediatric dentistry
- ▶ pediatrics
- ▶ physical therapy
- ▶ chiropractics
- ▶ gastroenterology
- ▶ plastic surgery

Failure to help many patients

Through 30 years of practicing orofacial myofunctional therapy, some questions patients or their parents asked me include:

- ▶ Why didn't someone tell me about this earlier?
- ▶ I knew I had a tongue thrust, I didn't know there was a special person to help me.
- ▶ Why didn't someone tell me my habit of tongue thrusting, thumb sucking or nail biting could be easily eliminated in therapy?
- ▶ I have tried multiple splints, functional appliances, medications and occlusal adjustments for my TMD problem. I was even referred to a psychologist for counseling because they told me it was stress related. Why didn't someone recognize my facial muscle dysfunction and refer me for orofacial muscle therapy sooner?
- ▶ This is the third time my orthognathic surgical result has relapsed. Why hasn't anyone referred me to an orofacial myofunctional therapist?
- ▶ My child was traumatized by wearing a “rake” in his mouth to stop his tongue thrust. His speech has gotten worse and he has with-

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drawn. After the rake was removed, the tongue thrust returned. Why wasn't I given the option of seeing a therapist who specialized in treating this disorder with exercises?

▶ My child wore a palatal expander for a high narrow palate. After the expander was removed, the palate collapsed because the tongue was resting down. Why wasn't I referred to an orofacial myofunctional therapist immediately following the expander being removed?

▶ I was told I was tongue-tied and needed a lingual frenectomy. After surgery, my tongue reattached and scar tissue formed and was worse than before we started! Why wasn't I told to see a therapist immediately following surgery to prevent re-attachment?

Patients can learn to develop healthy muscle patterns. Healthy muscle patterns, when permanently habituated, can be proactive in preventing or treating:

- ▶ orthodontic relapses,
- ▶ articulation disorders,
- ▶ breathing disorders due to allergies or mouth breathing habits,
- ▶ TMD when it is a muscle or habit-related issue,
- ▶ digestive disorders from not chewing properly or swallowing air,
- ▶ postural problems,
- ▶ faster normalization of the facial muscles and neuro-muscular facilitation post orthognathic surgery.

How can orofacial myofunctional therapy help the general dentist?

Orofacial myologists can assist the dentist in many aspects of his or her practice to:

- ▶ Re-educate muscle patterns that promote a stable orthodontic result.
- ▶ Reduce the time spent in fixed appliances.
- ▶ Normalize the inter-dental arch vertical rest posture dimension, the freeway space, also called the oral volume.
- ▶ Identify and eliminate orofacial noxious habits that interfere with stable occlusal results.
- ▶ Teach nasal breathing and remodel the airway through nasal cleansing and behavior modification.
- ▶ Reinforce compliance with wearing rubber bands, functional appliances and retainers.
- ▶ Develop a healthy muscle matrix and eliminate habits that contribute to TMD.
- ▶ Correct head and neck posture problems.
- ▶ Stabilize the periodontal condition by reducing tongue thrusting pressures and mouth breathing habits.

Because most of our patients are in need of orthodontic treatment or treatment by a functional dentist, if the patient was referred by a source outside of dentistry, we are certainly a great potential referral source for dentists.

The best time for the dentist to refer the patient to an orofacial myofunctional therapist is before inter-

vention by appliance therapy. It is always best to do the least invasive treatment first and eliminate habits that are interfering with treatment. This will ensure that the muscles are working with the forces of the appliances. Also, another good time to refer would be before the braces come off, depending on the patient's facial structure and motivation. We can work together to help the motivated patient achieve amazing results.

To elaborate on the importance of the working relationship between OMTs and the dental community, I have reached out to some of my esteemed colleagues for commentary.

According to Dr. John Kishibay, an orthodontist from Santa Monica, See Complete care, Page 4



Fig. 1a Fig. 1b Fig. 1c
Figs. 1a-c: Before therapy. Patient presented with a lateral tongue thrust, mouth breathing, stomach sleeping, orthodontic relapse, difficulty chewing and swallowing, and forward head posture.

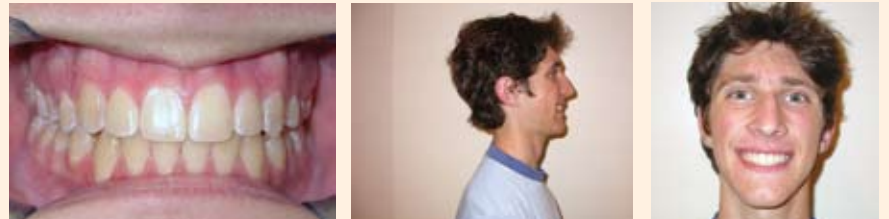


Fig. 1d Fig. 1e Fig. 1f
Figs. 1d-f: After 14 months of myofunctional therapy.

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Anthony S. Feck, DMD

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Louis Malcmacher, DDS, MAGD

Faster, easier and better - these are the three magic attributes that I look for whenever I evaluate new products. The GoldenMisch Physics Forceps are by far one of the greatest advancements I have seen in exodontia in my 28 year career. Using these unique instruments greatly reduces buccal bone loss during the extraction, making implant support and esthetic success much more predictable. The amount of time, effort and frustration saved is incredible, especially with challenging teeth. The Physics Forceps are an absolute must for every dental practice and I highly recommend them in my lectures.

Complete care
From Page 3

Calif., who is a professor at USC School of Dentistry: “Orofacial myofunctional therapy must be part of the treatment plan from the beginning. This way the patient understands from day one that the muscle adaptation is important for long-term stability. Especially important would be the orthognathic patient. The patient must learn to use the new space in an ergonomic manner, in both a functional patterning and habit elimination awareness.”

Dr. William Hang, an orthodontist practicing in Westlake Village, Calif., believes that OMT problems are one cause of poor facial development. He says: “Stability will continue to be

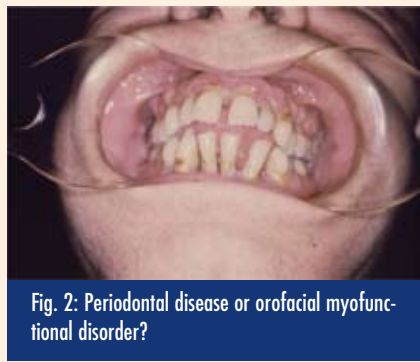


Fig. 2: Periodontal disease or orofacial myofunctional disorder?

an elusive, unachievable goal with poor facial balance frequently being the norm of the post orthodontic result. Myofunctional therapy must become the first line of defense in the quest for proper facial development rather than the rescue squad when the orthodontic result is going up in flames. When orthodontists

embrace myofunctional therapy, they stop treating symptoms and begin to focus on treating the cause of poor facial development [altered oral rest posture].”

Dr. Jerry Zimring, a practicing orthodontist for 44 years in Los Angeles, believes that attaining proper occlusion is a state of balance between the teeth, the muscles and the bones. He states, “Both my daughter and my grandson were treated with myofunctional therapy with excellent results that would not have been possible without this valuable treatment. I feel strongly that myofunctional therapy should be part of every orthodontic practice.”

Dr. Richard L. Jacobson, a Diplomate of the American Board of Orthodontics who has been in the exclusive practice of orthodontics

in Pacific Palisades, Calif., for the past 28 years, stated: “We know that form follows function and function can follow form. Therefore, it is vital to identify those patients that need myofunctional therapy. In these patients myofunctional therapy by a specialist is essential. Treatment is effective and orthodontic stability is enhanced.”

The author would like to thank Karen Macedonio, a Certified Life Coach (and patient), Barbara J. Greene, COM, and Licia Coceani-Paskay, MS, CCC-SLP, COM for their assistance with writing this article. A complete list of references is available from the publisher.

To find a therapist near you, go to www.iaom.com and look at the directory.

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Joy Moeller, BS, RDH, COM, is a certified orofacial myofunctional therapist and a licensed registered dental hygienist. She is in the exclusive private practice of OMT in Pacific Palisades and Beverly Hills, Calif. She is currently an elected member of the Board of Directors of the IAOM and is the hygiene liaison. Joy is also a former associate professor at Indiana University School of Dentistry and an on-going guest lecturer at USC and UCLA to ortho, perio and pedo dental residents, and at Cerritos College to hygiene students.

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What is the key to managing stress?

By Roger P. Levin

What's the leading cause of stress? Is it even possible to pinpoint one cause when so many variables operate in busy dental practices? It's safe to say that every dental office experiences too much stress at one time or other. Some practices accept it as a fact of life, while others want something better. For them, total success includes having a low-stress practice.

Levin Group consultants have observed that stress usually results from a combination of factors. The most common problems are a lack of well-defined business systems, ineffective leadership skills and teams that are not as committed as they should be. All of these issues can be solved. The final result is a low-stress practice, which is the goal of every dentist who has ever gone into practice.

The Levin Group Method for Total Practice Success™ includes five steps doctors can take to have an immediate and positive impact on stress:

- 1) Empower the team
- 2) Hold morning meetings
- 3) Revise the schedule
- 4) Improve communication
- 5) Become a better leader

Empower the team

The doctor's best resource for reducing inefficiency and lowering stress is the dental team. Involve as many team members as possible in examining your systems. Everyone on the team will have valuable insights to contribute. Special staff meetings can be held to review the major systems such as scheduling, case presentation, hygiene, practice financial management and patient finance. Some strategies include:

- ▶ Ask team members to bring a list of 10 possible improvements to the next staff meeting.
- ▶ Organize an off-site, all-day retreat to focus on current issues and strategic planning for the practice. This approach creates an opportunity to bring people together, forge a team spirit and identify problem areas and solutions.
- ▶ Send your office manager to regularly scheduled continuing education courses to gain new perspectives and ideas on dental management.

Task the office manager with the project of creating a written operations manual for every major business system in the practice. These manuals must include a step-by-step analysis of each system so that a person not trained in dentistry can quickly learn how the office operates by following the manuals.

Hold morning meetings

Once the team has been empowered, it is a valuable asset to a daily morning meeting. Conducting morn-

ing meetings before patients arrive is a surefire method of proactively organizing the day and minimizing stress. During these meetings, the doctor and the team must identify times during the day when:

- ▶ Emergencies can be seen
- ▶ Time crunches are likely to occur.
- ▶ New patients will need extra attention from the dentist.
- ▶ Any special situations may affect the day.

Making preparations for what's ahead on a given day will greatly reduce stress in the practice.

Revise the schedule

The backbone of the practice is

the schedule, and it affects nearly every aspect of practice operations. Poorly constructed schedules can have chaotic results — frustrated patients, cancelled appointments, lost production and a stressful work environment for the staff. When this situation is left uncorrected, the practice risks losing good team members, thus creating even more stress for the remaining staff.

Examine how your practice schedule is constructed. For example, are there too many holes in the schedule? That's a sign that appointments are spaced too far apart. This scenario increases stress for the dentist and the team.

Levin Group recommends to its

clients Power Cell Scheduling™, a high-performance scheduling system using 10-minute units to accurately schedule appointments and allow more scheduling flexibility. Fifteen-minute units can result in under- or over-scheduling patients. For example, if a procedure takes 20 minutes, the practice using 15-minute units would have to schedule this as a 15-minute or a 30-minute appointment.

From one day to the next, the schedule's format should be very similar. Mornings should be reserved for longer, higher-revenue procedures that make up most of the day's production goal. Afternoons can then be scheduled with simpler procedures. Within this framework the dentist and dental team are less stressed. This type of schedule keeps

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From Page 5

everyone on a steady, but not overwhelming, pace while allowing the practice to meet daily production goals.

Improve communication

Look at any successful practice and you will see an office that communicates extremely well. Communication affects every aspect of the patient experience, ranging from scheduling an appointment to case acceptance. For the dentist, the first step in improving communication is cultivating clear, positive and well-understood interactions with team members.

Throughout the day, the dentist has opportunities to coach team members, respond to questions and concerns, and motivate the team. Dentists should be providing positive feedback to team members throughout the day. Don't wait to recognize good performance until a staff meeting. When team members perform well, tell them that day.

Clear communication and supportive coaching become more critical as the practice grows. The dentist needs to inspire team members, individually and collectively, to achieve the highest levels of success.

Become a better leader

A mismanaged practice is a stressful place to work. Efficiency, productivity and communication are all

reflections of your leadership skills. Therefore, dentists who work to improve their leadership skills can measurably reduce the stress in their practices.

Good leaders have learned to work through their teams — not around them. The most successful dentists have figured out how to delegate responsibilities to team members. Delegating responsibility accomplishes two things: dentists reduce their stress and team members gain a sense of empowerment. Staff members *want* to feel they play an important part in practice success.

Leading by example is another facet of leadership. Team members learn how to act by watching the leader's behavior. A dentist who is positive and motivational inspires

team members to act in the same way. Lead the way and your team will be sure to follow!

Conclusion

Chronic stress indicates that some vital elements of leadership are underdeveloped on the doctor's part. Dentists can remedy this situation by taking more proactive measures as leaders of their practices. Team members are relying on the doctor to set the tone, solve problems and identify strategies to get control of problem areas that are sources of stress.

Yet paradoxically, dentists who are working to become good leaders learn to empower their teams as much as possible. Dentists become better leaders by tapping into team member's insights, abilities and skills. These five steps can help dentists become better leaders, build better teams and achieve total success.

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About the author



Dr. Roger P. Levin is founder and chief executive officer of Levin Group, Inc., a leading dental practice management consulting firm that provides a comprehensive suite of lifetime services to its clients and partners. Since 1985, Levin Group has embraced one single mission — to improve the lives of dentists.

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Topics to be discussed include the following: caries management by risk assessment; current concepts in cariology; minimally invasive endodontics; bonded fiber posts; dental lasers; minimally invasive periodontics; current advances in tooth whitening; bonding agents: separating the truth from the hype; and much more. This program will introduce concepts that will change the way you practice forever.

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Dr. Patel will share a practical perspective of cone beam technology and its multiple uses in "real world" private practice. He will shed light on what the future has to offer and give insight into the impact CBCT technology can have from a business standpoint — return on investment (ROI)! By the end of the presentation, attendees should:

- ▶ Understand how 3-D technology can benefit the modern dental practice.
- ▶ Learn how state-of-the-art 3-D digital dentistry is being done today.
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The Optima MX INT uses Bien-Air's Micromotor MX, which was the leader of the pack in an independent assessment by the ADA Professional Product Review (Vol. 2, Issue 1, Winter 2006). This review confirmed that a Micromotor MX Series motor has the highest torque (6 Ncm), the

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The control unit utilizes a three-phased voltage delivery that provides the constant torque necessary to support high and slow speed application with only one attachment. This feature directly translates into savings, efficiency and precision. When taken together, the proper torque and an accurate display of slow-speed rpm help decrease the risk of snapping a file in a canal during endo procedures.

In addition, the Micromotor MX is the quietest motor and offers the best light transmission. (If you would like to read a full description of the tests conducted and methods used, please visit the ADA Web site at www.ada.org/goto/ppr.)



[org/goto/ppr](http://www.ada.org/goto/ppr).)

Upgrade to the Optima MX int for \$1,950 along with the trade-in of your system from any manufacturer (MSRP is \$3,260, so that's a 40% savings!), and you'll get the peace of mind that comes with a three-year warranty.

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‘Those troublesome occlusal shots’

By Martin B. Goldstein DMD

The following e-mail is typical of the trials and tribulations that doctors and staff encounter when attempting to add digital occlusal shots to their new patient exam protocols.

“My staff and I are still having problems with getting decent occlusal pictures. We even bought the newer occlusalmirror with an attached handle and the lip lifter. We already had mirrors, both large and small, without handles. It seems to be a problem with getting a good clear picture back to the second molars, and of course, the lower is even harder than the

upper. We blow air on the mirror to clear the fog. Perhaps the problem is that the patient is not reclined back in the chair enough, or is not opening wide enough. Should we be taking the picture from in front of the patient, or from behind? We take it from the front. Gagging is a problem all the time. I need some advice.”

Occlusal images may indeed be tough to get. Assuming your camera is properly set up, the following tips might help regardless of whether you are using auto or manual focus to take your occlusal shots. (Note: manual focus might be more predictable with respect to magnification and illumination, but auto-focus will

certainly speed up the process).

It’s important to retract the cheeks when taking occlusal shots. Wire retractors may aid the cause as mirrors can slide through them rather than bump into them as they do with the solid plastic retractors.

It helps to pull the retractors up and out when shooting the maxilla and down and out when shooting the mandible. This 45 degree tug will expose the second molars.

The patient is usually reclined to about 30 degrees with the photographer shooting from the front of the patient. (If you are shooting with manual focus, use 1:3 magnification.)



Example of an occlusal mirror view.

We often ask the patient to move his or her tongue behind the mirror when taking the occlusal shots. This often helps to clear the field.

Air is essential to defog the mirror and a bit of indirect lighting from the overhead light will help the camera to lock in focus.

Sounds crazy, but the wide end of the occlusal mirror goes in first, not the small end. (You’d be surprised at what I see at my hands-on seminars.)

Attempt to get the image as close to a perpendicular to the occlusal plane as possible; the bigger the mouth, the easier it is.

If I can’t get a good occlusal shot, I’ll take quadrant shots to make up for this using a smaller mirror.

Finally, realize that mirrored shots taken like this will need to be “mirror-flipped” vertically with image editing software to properly orient the arch prior to presentation.

I hope these tips are helpful. Practice makes perfect.

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About the author



Dr. Martin Goldstein, a member of the International Academy of Dento-Facial Esthetics, practices general dentistry in Wolcott, Conn. Noted as a Dentistry Today C.E. Leader for the last five years, he lectures and writes extensively concerning cosmetics and the integration of digital photography into the general practice. A regular contributing editor for Dentistry Today, he has also authored numerous articles for multiple dental periodicals both in the United States and abroad. He can be contacted at martyg924@cox.net. His current speaking schedule can be found at www.drgoldsteinspeaks.com.

The importance of gingival health in a functional cosmetic case

By Martha Cortes

Complete dentistry is the esthetic and occlusal harmonization of the teeth with the gingiva, lips and face. As dentists, we can directly affect the esthetics of the teeth and gingiva. However, we can also indirectly affect the lips and face by how we design teeth to sit in the oral cavity.

It is paramount in an esthetic case to have healthy gum tissue that enhances the beauty of a full smile makeover. The best, quickest, healthiest and most profitable way of treating gum disease is by laser therapy.

Laser Assisted New Attachment Procedure™ (LANAP) is the standard of care for periodontal laser therapy and beyond that of conventional treatment, which amputates, leading to results that can be less than desirable. LANAP is a patented soft-tissue technique specifically utilizing the Periolase® MVP-7 Nd:YAG (1064 nm wavelength) laser (Millennium Dental Technologies, Inc.) with the aim of regeneration rather than traditional resection of the gum tissue, which is done solely for pocket maintenance.

The patient, a woman in her early 60s, came to my office because she was having problems with a bridge (lower left) that had recently been replaced; she was unable to chew well. During the discussion she revealed that she was also having problems on the lower right, indicating that the problem was not local but one that involved the bite.

On further examination, it was revealed that she not only had occlusal problems, but she also had moderate periodontitis throughout with bone loss especially impacting the lower anteriors. The patient had worn away her teeth and, as a result, suffered from severe malocclusion.

She had large diastemas between the upper and lower centrals with little occlusal guidance. Her temporal mandibular joints demonstrated hypermobility while opening and closing. The patient also had ill-fitting porcelain fused to metal crowns on teeth #5-5 and #51, #50, #12, #21 with metal exposure and a new zirconium bridge with flat occlusion on teeth #18-20. All prosthesis had poor color matching and flat occlusion.

The periodontitis and bone loss were partially due to a traumatic bite that improperly distributed the occlusal forces laterally rather than perpendicularly so that the loading forces were forcing the lower ante-



Fig. 1a: Before

riors to splay.

In order to inhibit the mechanical progression of the periodontitis and bone loss, and prevent the teeth from splaying further, it was decided to completely restore the teeth to a fully functional platform. The patient was at first intimidated by the idea of a complete smile makeover, and yet she was at the same time ready for this life-changing event. The patient understood that the esthetics would be built functionally so that the occlusion, teeth, arches and periodontium would support each other and thereby help keep the entire oral cavity healthy.

Having a functionally beautiful smile not only affects a patient's self-esteem, it also has an effect on the health of the head, neck and body as the patient tends to have better posture and better body integration, because aligned jaws might proprioceptively affect the body in space. Although the patient's main concern was dental health, the added benefit of gorgeous esthetics appealed to her greatly.

Due to her severe malocclusion, the patient's habitual centric bite could not be used as the guide for her smile-makeover. The proper functional height for the patient's teeth needed to be found and established. The patient had ground down her posterior teeth and much of the forces of mastication were pathologically loading on the lower anteriors, causing them to splay and repetitively injuring the gingiva.

LANAP's uniqueness allows for the prepping and placing of restorations without having to wait an inordinate amount of time for the gums to heal as the gingiva is not cut and sutured; therefore, healing is quicker and less traumatic and esthetically more pleasing.



Fig. 1b: After



Fig. 2: Before LANAP (note the bone loss) [July 25, 2005].

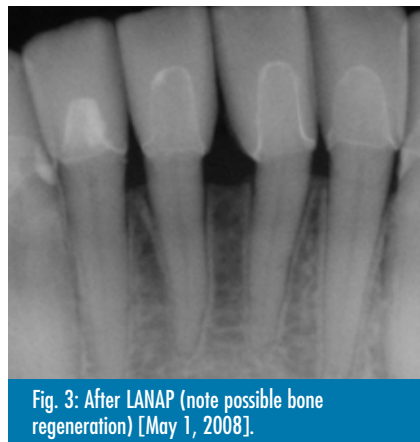


Fig. 3: After LANAP (note possible bone regeneration) [May 1, 2008].

The patient was neuromuscularly tested using the K7 Evaluation System (Myotronics) in order to determine where the bite ought to be before restoring. The patient received a fixed orthotic/occlusal device that was worn for approximately six months in order to relax the pathologic forces, arrive at the correct vertical dimension for the patient and gradually retrain the neuromuscular defects. The splint would also help to abate any negative forces affecting the gingiva.

The patient would be restored with an eye toward the correct Shim-bashi measurement and with golden proportion principles in mind. A myocentric position is derived from the orthotic, and the use of a transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulator (TENS) that erases the habitual bite and helps to create healthy neuromuscular conditions, which inhibits its occlusal breakdown.

She was tested again a few months later with the K7 to evaluate the temporal mandibular/neuromuscular complex with the occlusal device determining the health of the new vertical on the entire system. At approximately four months after the



Fig. 4: Maloccluded smile with multiple diastemas.



Fig. 5: Pre-op intraoral view: note the severe overbite and canted maxilla.



Fig. 6: Phase 1 with lower orthotic.



Fig. 7: Phase 2 with lower orthotic and provisionals on the uppers.



Fig. 8: Intraoral view of new smile.

mandibular trajectory was found, the upper teeth were ideally leveled with the provisionals to correct the maxillary cant by proportioning the anteriors canine to canine and harmonizing them with the posterior curve of Wilson.

The patient received LANAP on all quadrants using the Periolase MVP-7 laser for pockets that were between 4-7 mm, approximately three weeks before the orthotic was fixed to the lower arch. Had this been done conventionally, the patient would have needed to wait at least three months or more for the tissue to heal. Dental lasers are site specific, biostimulative, allow for excellent hemostasis

See The importance, Page 2