issn 1868-3207 • Vol. 3 • Issue 1/2024

1/24

aligners

50 YEARS OF DENTAL TRIBUNE INT. • 30 YEARS OF OEMUS MEDIA & 20 YEARS

international magazine of aligner orthodontics

case report
Solving sagittal discrepancies in orthodontics is probably the most energy-demanding movement you can do with aligners

case report
Orthodontics and botulinum toxin: Integrated care of a patient with bruxism and occlusal alteration

technique
How to safely speed up tooth movement and reduce the duration of orthodontic treatment

dti] Dental Tribune International

formlabs | dental

Model Production Made Easier

Automate Your Aligner Production with Formlabs Dental

Transform your 3D printers into automated fleets with our game-changing hardware, software, and material streamlining solutions.

Labor savings up to
80%

Lower cost per part by
40%

Reduce packaging waste by
86%

Increase productivity by
3x

Increase resin capacity by
5x

Daily model production up to
330*

* Draft Resin V2 with 200 microns Fast Arch Printing settings using one Form 3B+ printer and Form Auto.

North America Sales Inquiries
sales@formlabs.com
+1 (617) 702-8476

dental.formlabs.com

Europe Sales Inquiries
eu-sales@formlabs.com
+44 2039364378 (UK)
+49 3091734716 (EU)
dental.formlabs.com

Dr Gina Theodoridis

President-elect of the European Aligner Society for 2025

The future of aligner orthodontics

More than two decades ago, a new technique emerged, one that no one ever thought would rock the stage of orthodontics. Advancements in orthodontic tooth movement had always been about control. Throughout the progression from removable to fixed appliances and from Begg to edgewise appliances and the straight wire technique, there has been a consistent effort to develop a single appliance that incorporates multiple predefined mechanical properties. Clear aligners did not seem suitable at first for all treatments, for two reasons: they were not fixed on the teeth, so their performance could be affected by displacement, and the process used to produce their prescribed characteristics was indirect and somewhat mysterious, contrasting greatly with the manual wire bending that we were all familiar with.

Yet, here we are, more than 20 years later, witnessing the reality of almost all orthodontic malocclusions being successfully treated largely with aligners. The evolution of aligner material and the tremendous advancement in digitally designed mechanical implementation of forces are the power duo that has brought success in aligner treatment.

Nevertheless, there has always been some dispute in the literature as to whether aligner treatment is really effective. Multiple studies have sought to determine which aligner movements are predictable and which tend to fail. Most of these studies are largely influenced by two important variables: patient cooperation on the one hand and treatment planning by the orthodontist on the other.

In past years, customisation with aligner planning software was generally limited, and planning was to a large degree guided by an automated sequence and automatic determination of attachment use. As dentists enhanced their proficiency in aligner treatment, the degree of customisation through greater control of the software steadily increased. We can now choose the type of attachment and segregate, separate and sequence tooth movements, resulting in higher predictability and better clinical outcomes with aligners.

Additionally, hybrid techniques, such as the combination of fixed auxiliaries or mini-implants with aligners, made aligner treatment possible even in complex cases. Never in the history of orthodontics has there been such creativity in combining different methods, including bonded auxiliaries, expanders and distalisers, all for the purpose of providing an overall effective and aesthetic treatment.

Although the advancement of software is without a doubt a very important reason for the evolution of aligner treatment, I believe it is the increasing proficiency in treatment planning by dentists that has led us to the golden age of aligners. Without a doubt, artificial intelligence too will continue to evolve, being constantly trained on data and metadata that are collectively accumulated in the system, as well as research data from published studies. However, a successful treatment outcome often stems from circumventing the software's algorithm, deviating from the established procedure and challenging the existing rules—and this can lead to evolution of the technique.

As the fifth congress of the European Aligner Society, held in Valencia in Spain, demonstrated, the limits of aligner orthodontics are indeed continually being surpassed. During this outstanding meeting, we enjoyed seeing the excellent treatment outcomes produced either by aligners alone or by hybrid techniques. This should not cause doubt about the use of aligners. The question need not be whether one technique outweighs the other; it must be how to better serve our patients by treating them with the most suitable modalities for their malocclusion, giving them an excellent orthodontic outcome and, very importantly, offering them a positive experience and the best possible aesthetic treatment.

So, if you are ever wondering about our role in the future of aligner orthodontics, the answer is simple: being creative. Sometimes creativity is the ultimate sophistication.

Dr Gina Theodoridis
President-elect of the European Aligner Society for 2025

Cover image: ClearX
www.clearxaligners.com

Splash template courtesy of
© gfx_nazim – stock.adobe.com

editorial – Dr Gina Theodoridis 03

case report

Solving sagittal discrepancies in orthodontics is probably the most energy-demanding movement you can do with aligners 06
– Dr Luis Carrière

Orthodontics and botulinum toxin: Integrated care of a patient with bruxism and occlusal alteration 10
– Drs Tomás A. Salazar, Belen M. Perretta, Camilla Reino & Kristen Kock

Skeletal and dental Class II, Division I malocclusion solved in 11 months with MTO system: Using Carriere Motion Appliance and clear aligners without extraction 16
– Drs Carlos Colino, Laura Castillo, Isabel Drewling & Pedro Colino

technique

How to safely speed up tooth movement and reduce the duration of orthodontic treatment – Dr Ana Paz 26

opinion

Artificial intelligence in dentistry – Dr Miguel Stanley 30

Ethical communication and brand building – Dr Anna Hajati 34

interview

The trajectory of technology in our field is promising 38
– An interview with Dr Chris Laspos

The primary aim of EAS remains to promote excellence in aligner treatment 40
– An interview with Dr Gina Theodoridis

Aligners are the present and future of orthodontics 42
– An interview with Dr Iro Eleftheriadi

feature

Motivating your team – Jerko Bozikovic 44

research

Clear aligners: Study examines anchorage loss during maxillary molar distalisation 48

Fraunhofer using smart materials to make clear aligner therapy cheaper, more sustainable 50

business news

SmileDirectClub leaves patients in the lurch 52

manufacturer news

Futurabond U–dual-polymerising universal adhesive 54

ClearX ushers in a new era of eco-friendly orthodontic care with revolutionary clear aligners 55

Form Auto enables an orthodontic practice to increase model production by 20-fold 56

DynaFlex–Revolutionising orthodontics with innovative solutions 58

industry report

Ongoing growth of the global clear aligner market 60
– Dr Kamran Zamanian & Federica Cogoni

meetings

Excellence in aligner orthodontics: Fifth EAS congress maintains trajectory of growth 62

Long-awaited Digital Dentistry Show to premiere in Berlin in June 2024 66

International events 68

about the publisher

submission guidelines 69

international imprint 70

NEW

CARRIERE®
MOTIONPRO™

Others imitated. We innovated.

While everyone else was busy copying our original design, we were taking it to the next level.

Motion Pro Video

HENRY SCHEIN® ORTHODONTICS

*Patent pending. Carriere Motion Pro Bite Corrector not available in all countries.
See your local distributor for more information

© 2024 Ortho Organizers, Inc. All rights reserved. Patent pending. M3338 03/24

Solving sagittal discrepancies in orthodontics is probably the most energy-demanding movement you can do with aligners

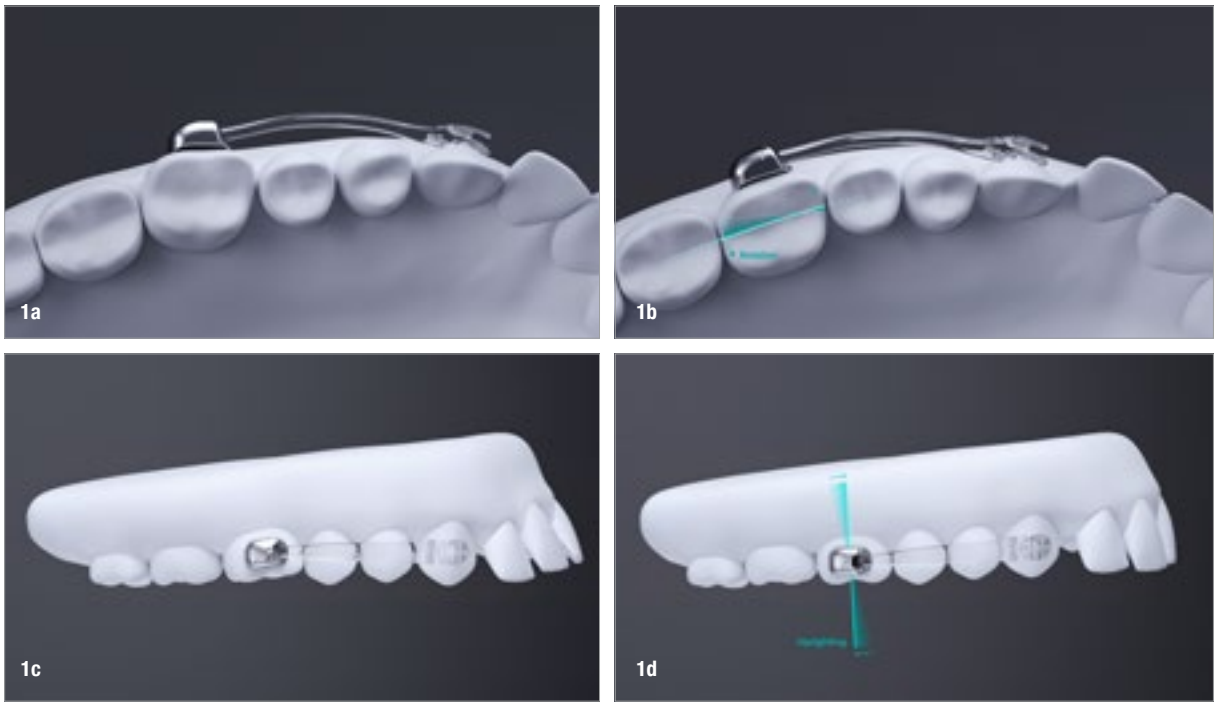
Dr Luis Carrière, Spain

Aligners are highly efficient in achieving several dental movements, but they lose efficacy and predictability when used for distalisation of the posterior teeth. Normally, when we plan treatment using aligners only, we need to address the sagittal dimension of malocclusion by means of sequential distalisation. This sequential distalisation, or single-unit movement, aims to move the maxillary molars first, followed by the premolars and then the canines, one after the other.[1]

Sequential distalisation with aligners has several limitations:

- It restricts orthodontic treatment to either maxillary dental distalisation or mandibular dental distalisation in isolation whether treating a Class II or a Class III malocclusion.
- It extends the total treatment time, as aligner distalisation requires many steps to achieve maxillary or mandibular distal correction.
- Biomechanically, aligners frequently deviate from the planned movement during distalisation, leading to decreased treatment predictability.[2]
- It produces incisal protraction as a reaction to the distal movement in the posterior area of the maxilla.

The Carriere Motion Appliance offers a predictable hybrid treatment approach to distalisation when using aligners.[2–4] This appliance is designed to focus on solving the



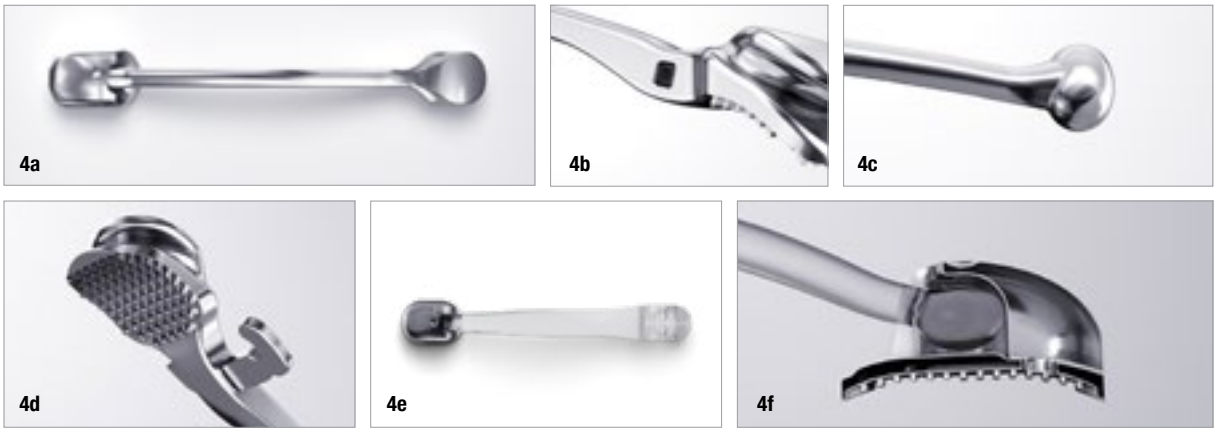
Figs. 1a–d: Accurate driving of uprighting and distal rotation with the new Carriere Motion Pro.

Figs. 2a & b: Case of a Class I occlusion accomplished in two months with the Carriere Motion Pro.

sagittal dimension by moving groups of teeth, generating a Class I occlusion before any comprehensive orthodontic treatment. In this manner, the molars, premolars and canines are brought into a Class I relationship where the maxillary and mandibular first molars exhibit adequate distal rotation and adequate uprighting, depending on whether the clinician is treating a Class II or Class III malocclusion.[5–7] This Class I occlusion is usually accomplished during the first four months of treatment with the Carriere Motion Appliance. This approach of achieving a Class I occlusion with the Carriere Motion Appliance prior to any further orthodontic treatment is described as the Sagittal First approach in the Carriere system.

Today, patients request solutions for their malocclusion that are both aesthetic and efficient. The new Carriere

Figs. 3a–e: Case demonstrating the long-term stability of the Carriere Motion Appliance. Sixteen (16) years of follow-up of a Class II case.



Figs. 4a–f: Various perspectives of the metal and clear Carriere Motion Pro.

Motion Pro is an appliance that uses design and biomimetics to substantially enhance the biomechanics of the original Carriere Motion Appliance, boosting the Sagittal First approach. Inspired by the shape and function of the temporomandibular joint, the new Carriere Motion Pro incorporates a totally new condyle shape hinge designed to produce ultra-low friction. This joint facilitates accurate distal rotation, precise uprighting and optimal molar torque simultaneously, achieving a Class I occlusion efficiently (Fig. 1). The knowledge of the last 20 years of using the original Carriere Motion Appliance has been employed in the redesign of the appliance to achieve next-level movement (Fig. 2).

The concept is to establish an accurate Class I occlusion with the ideal first molar position. Correct distal rotation and adequate molar uprighting promote a passive Class I occlusal scenario for the premolars and canines. If we do not accomplish adequate uprighting or distal rotation of the first molars, they will actively push the premolars and canines mesially, promoting the loss of the Class I occlusion during aligner treatment.

The key to long-term occlusal stability is the position of the maxillary first molars—83% of malocclusions have excessively mesially rotated molars and excessively mesially inclined molars.[8] Mesial rotation and mesial inclination are scenarios that promote a premolar and canine shift to a Class II malocclusion. Rotating and uprighting the maxillary first molars is of paramount importance for generating long-term stability in both Class II and Class III cases.

The Carriere Motion Appliance and Carriere Motion Pro have been designed to drive those corrections and accomplish them with precision in order to establish a passive occlusal environment. In light of these necessary corrections, it is very important to understand that the Carriere Motion Appliance comes in a left side version and a right side version, and these can never be used on the opposite side. We cannot create a universal Carriere Motion Appliance for both sides if we want to accomplish a stable Class I occlusion, as the uprightness of the molars is essential (Fig. 3).

The Carriere Motion Pro, available in metal and clear versions (Fig. 4), features a stronger, reinforced and anatomically adapted hook. The hook is designed for easy attachment of elastics and offers biomechanically increased resistance to vertical pull stress. It effectively redistributes the elastic force, optimising the direction and distribution of the applied tension. Further new features include a vertical slot for drop-in hooks, which are particularly useful for treatment approaches that require minimal patient compliance.

Editorial note: Please scan this QR code for the list of references.

about

Dr Luis Carrière, inventor of the Carriere Motion Appliances, obtained his dental degree from the Complutense University of Madrid in Spain in 1991. He then attended the University of Barcelona in Spain and received his MSc in orthodontics in 1994 and his doctorate in orthodontics in 2006. He was the recipient of the Joseph E. Johnson Clinical Award from the American Association of Orthodontists in 1995 and of a gold award for the Carriere Distalizer MB in the 2009 Delta Awards for Industrial Design, organised by the industrial design association of the Spanish association Fostering Arts and Design. Dr Carrière is on the review board of the *American Journal of Orthodontics and Dentofacial Orthopedics* and is a contributing editor of the *Journal of Clinical Orthodontics.* He lectures internationally and is a visiting professor at several university orthodontic departments throughout the world. He maintains a private practice in Barcelona.

Dentsply Sirona

Be sure with SureSmile®

75% SURESMILE® CASES

NO REFINEMENTS WERE REQUIRED[1]

Delivering healthy smiles to over 1 million patients[2]

Works with most scanners

Expert practice support

Expect a Better Experience. Switch to SureSmile® Aligners.

Partner with the aligner brand that delivers predictable results and happy patients from their first aligner to their final smile.

Visit: www.SureSmile.com

1. Based on an internal analysis in excess of 150,000 global SureSmile® aligner cases started and completed between Jan 2021 - June 2023.
2. SureSmile® treated cases - data on file 2023.